LESSON 1

TAQWA (CONSCIOUSNESS OF ALLAH)

1.1 QURAN STUDY

﴿ يَمَا يَنَا يَنُهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلصِّيَامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴾ البقرة: ١٨٣

"O you who have believed! Prescribed upon you is fasting, as it was prescribed upon those before you, in order for you to attain *taqwa* (fear and consciousness of Allah)." [2:183]

1.2 VOCABULARY OF THE VERSE

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُم	کُتِب	الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
تَتَّقُونَ	الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ	الصِّيَامُ

1.3 AN ARABIC LANGUAGE BENEFIT

You can change from active voice (مَبْنِيِّ لِلْمَعْلُومِ), like تَتَبَ ("He wrote"), to passive voice (مَبْنِيٍّ لِلْمَجُهُولِ), like عُتِبَ), like عُتِبَ)

تَرَكَ ﴾ ترك	أكَلَ ۞ أُكِلَ	فَعَلَ 🗢 فُعِلَ
ضَرَب ⇔	رَسَمَ 🗢	دَرَسَ ⇔
غَفَرَ 🗢	خَلَقَ 🖨	جَعَلَ 🗢

1.4 TAFSEER BENEFITS

The call: "O you who believe"	
Definition of <i>eemaan</i>	
Fasting has been prescribed	
The fasting of previous nations	
The overall goal of fasting	
Definition of taqwa	

1.5 HADEETH STUDY

عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ، عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ، قَالَ: «يَقُولُ اللهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ: الصَّوْمُ لِي، وَأَنَا أَجْزِي بِهِ، يَدَعُ شَهْوَتَهُ وَأَكْلَهُ وَشُرْبَهُ مِنْ أَجْلِي، وَالصَّوْمُ جُنَّةُ، وَلِلصَّائِمِ فَرْحَتَانِ: فَرْحَةُ حِينَ يُفْطِرُ، وَفَرْحَةٌ حِينَ يَلْقَى رَبَّهُ، وَلَحُلُوفُ فَمِ الصَّائِمِ أَطْيَبُ عِنْدَ اللهِ مِنْ رَبِح المِسْكِ.» [مُتَّفَقُ عَلَيْهِ]

On the authority of Aboo Hurayrah (may Allah be pleased with him), from the Prophet (may Allah raise his rank and grant him peace), who said: "Allah, the Mighty and Majestic, has said: Fasting is for Me, and I alone provide its reward. He leaves his desires, his food and drink, for My sake! Fasting is a shield, and a fasting person shall have two occasions of joy: one when he breaks his fast, and another when he meets his Lord. Certainly, the smell of a fasting person's breath is better with Allah than the fragrance of musk." [Agreed upon]

1.6 BENEFITS OF THE HADEETH

Aboo Hurayrah	
"Hadeeth qudsee"	
Sincerity in fasting	
Fasting people abstain from:	1
	2
	3
Benefits of fasting (as found in this hadeeth)	1
(,	2
	3
	4
	5
The joys of obedience	
Vs. temporary "joy" of sin	
Outward appearances	

1.7 RESEARCH: How many benefits and advantages of fasting (spiritual, medical, or otherwise) can you compile?

THE EASE OF ISLAM'S LEGISLATED CONCESSIONS

2.1 QURAN STUDY

﴿ أَتِّامًا مَّعُدُودَاتِ فَمَن كَانَ مِنكُم مَّرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرِ فَعِدَّةٌ وَمِنْ أَتَّامًا مَّعُدُودَ وَمَلَى اللَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ وَ فِدْيَةٌ طَعَامُ مِسْكِينٍ فَمَن تَطَوَّعَ مِنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرُ وَعَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ وَفِدْيَةٌ طَعَامُ مِسْكِينٍ فَمَن تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرً لَكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعَامُونَ ﴾ خَيْرًا فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعَامُونَ ﴾ البقرة: ١٨٤

"A set number of days, and whoever of you is ill or upon a journey, then some other days (are made up in place of the days missed). Upon those who are capable (but do not fast) is a ransom due, feeding a poor person. Whoever does more good voluntarily, that is better for him. Yet, fasting is better for you, if you only knew." [2:184]

2.2 VOCABULARY OF THE VERSE

عَلَى سَفَرٍ	مَرِيضًا	أَيَّامًا مَعْدُودَاتٍ
الَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ	أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ	عِدَّةٌ
تَطَوَّعَ	طَعَامُ مِسْكِينٍ	فِدْيَةُ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ	وَأَنْ تَصُومُوا	خَيْرُ

2.3 AN ARABIC LANGUAGE BENEFIT

Single nouns which end with two *dhammahs* of *tanween*, like غَيْنٌ (good), can also end with two *fat-hahs* of *tanween*, and an *alif* is written and pronounced, like غَيْرًا . Practice this with some single nouns below, and then finish filling in the table, adding three more single nouns:

مَجْرُورٍ	مَنْصُوبًا	مَرْفُوعٌ
مَجْرُورٍ خَيْرٍ	خَيْرًا	خَيْرُ
		خَيْرُ مَرِيضٌ
سَفَرٍ		
سَفَرِ أيَّامٍ		
		طَعَامٌ
مِسْكِينٍ		

2.4 TAFSEER BENEFITS

A number of days	
Sick people are excused	
Travelers are excused	
An abrogated option	
Some of the ruling remains	
Definition of a "miskeen"	

2.5 HADEETH STUDY

عَنْ جَابِرِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللهِ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمَا، قَالَ: كَانَ رَسُولُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي سَفَرٍ، فَرَأَى زِحَامًا وَرَجُلًا قَدْ ظُلِّلَ عَلَيْهِ، فَقَالَ: «مَا عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي سَفَرٍ، فَرَأَى زِحَامًا وَرَجُلًا قَدْ ظُلِّلَ عَلَيْهِ، فَقَالَ: «مَا هَذَا؟» فَقَالُوا: صَائِمٌ. فَقَالَ: «لَيْسَ مِنَ البِرِّ الصَّوْمُ فِي السَّفرِ.» هَذَا؟» فَقَالُوا: صَائِمٌ. فَقَالَ: «لَيْسَ مِنَ البِرِّ الصَّوْمُ فِي السَّفرِ.» [مُتَّفَقٌ عَلَيْهِ]

On the authority of Jaabir ibn 'Abdillah (may Allah be pleased with him and his father): The Messenger of Allah (may Allah raise his rank and grant him peace) was on a journey, and he saw a crowd of people around a man who passed out. "What's this?" he asked. They said, "Fasting." He replied, "It is not from piety to fast during a journey." [Agreed upon]

2.6 BENEFITS OF THE HADEETH

Jaabir ibn 'Abdillaah	
Piety is not refusing concessions	
Ease of worship in Islam	
The ruling on fasting during a journey	1 Recommended:
	2 Permissible:
	3 Disliked:
	4 Prohibited:

2.7 RESEARCH: Find this hadeeth in *Saheeh al-Bukhaaree*. What chapter did the author use for it? Consider this hadeeth and its chapter title as it relates to the chapters before it and after it, to gain some insight about and appreciate the *fiqh* of Imaam al-Bukhaaree (may Allah have Mercy on him).

HOW THE MONTH OF RAMADHAAN BEGINS

3.1 QURAN STUDY

﴿ شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ ٱلَّذِى أَنْزِلَ فِيهِ ٱلْقُرْءَانُ هُدَى لِلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَتِ مِّنَ ٱلْهُدَىٰ وَٱلْفُرْقَانِ فَمَن شَهِدَ مِنكُمُ ٱلشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصُمْهُ وَمَن كَانَ مَرِيضًا أَوْعَلَىٰ وَٱلْفُرْقَانِ فَمَن شَهِدَ مِنكُمُ ٱلشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصُمْهُ وَمَن كَانَ مَرِيضًا أَوْعَلَىٰ سَفَرِ فَعِدَّةُ مِّنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَّ يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ بِكُمُ ٱلْيُسْرَولَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلْعُسْرَ وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلْعُسْرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ الْعُسْرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ الْعُسْرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰ كُمْ وَلَعَلّمَ مَا هَدَىٰ كُمْ وَلَعَلّمَ مَا هَدَىٰ فَا اللّهَ وَلَعَلّمَ مَا هَدَىٰ مَا هَدَىٰ فَا اللّهُ وَلَعَلّمَ مَا عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰ فَا اللّهُ عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰ مَا عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰ مَا عَلَى مَا عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰ فَاللّهُ وَلَعَلّمَ مَا عَلَىٰ مَا هَدَىٰ فَا اللّهُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَاللّهُ مُن اللّهُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَلِمُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَلَعَلَمُ اللّهُ وَلِي مُنْ اللّهُ وَلَعَلْمُ مُنْ اللّهُ وَلَعَلَمُ اللّهُ وَلَعَلَمُ اللّهُ وَلِنَا اللّهُ وَلَا لَهُ مُنْ اللّهُ وَلِمُ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلِلْمُ اللّهُ وَالْعُولُ اللّهُ وَلَعَلّمُ اللّهُ وَلِنَا اللّهُ وَلِيْسُرُونَ اللّهُ وَلِكُولُونَ اللّهُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَلِي اللّهُ وَلِمُ الللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِهُ الللّهُ وَلِللللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِمُ اللّهُ وَلِي الللللّهُ وَلِي الللللّهُ وَلِي الللللّهُ وَلِي اللللللّهُ وَلِي اللللللّهُ وَلِي الللّهُ وَلِي الللللللّهُ وَلِي اللللللّهُ وَلِمُ اللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللللّهِ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِي اللللللّهُ وَلِي الللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِي الللللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِمُ اللللللللّهُ وَلِمُ اللللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ وَلِمُ اللللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللللّهُ وَلِمُ الللللّهُ

"The month of Ramadhaan is when the Quran was sent down, guidance for Mankind and clarifications of the guidance and the Criterion. Whoever of you witnesses the month, let him fast it. Whoever is ill or on a journey, then some other days (are made up later). Allah wants ease for you, and He does not want difficulty for you, so you could complete the amount (of days of fasting), and so that you could declare the Greatness of Allah, for what He has guided you to, and in order for you to be grateful." [2:185]

3.2 VOCABULARY OF THE VERSE

هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ	أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ القُرْآنُ	شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ
فَمَنْ شَهِدَ	الفُرْقَانِ	بَيِّنَاتٍ

الشَّهْرَ	فَلْيَصُمْهُ	يُرِيدُ اللهُ بِكُمْ
اليُسْرَ	العُسْرَ	وَلِتُكْمِلُوا العِدَّةَ
وَلِتُكَبِّرُوا اللهَ	عَلَى مَا هَدَاكُمْ	وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

3.3 AN ARABIC LANGUAGE BENEFIT

Using opposites helps explain a matter with clarity. Think about how Allah explains that He wants ease for us, and He does not want hardship for us. While we could extract from the first phrase that Allah does not want hardship for us, He still stated it verbatim, in order to stress that meaning and clarify it. Try to put these meanings together in the table below, and complete it with one more set of opposites from yourself:

وَلا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ العُسْرَ	🗢 يُرِيدُ اللهُ بِكُمْ اليُسْرَ	اليُسْرَ / العُسْرَ
ط وَلا	🗢 يُرِيدُ اللهُ بِكُمْ	الخَيْرَ / الشَّرَّ
	← يُرِيدُ	الإِيْمَانَ /
&		/

3.4 TAFSEER BENEFITS

The revelation of Quran	
Definition of Quran	
Seeing/witnessing the "month"?	
This abrogates a previous Verse	
The concession is emphasized	
The wisdom of this legislation	1
	2

3
4
5

3.5 HADEETH STUDY

عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ، قَالَ: قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ: «صُومُوا لِرُؤْيَتِهِ، وَأَفْطِرُوا لِرُؤْيَتِهِ، فَإِنْ غُبِّيَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَأَكْمِلُوا عِدَّةَ شَعْبَانَ ثَلاَثِينَ.» [مُتَّفَقُ عَلَيْهِ]

On the authority of Aboo Hurayrah (may Allah be pleased with him), the Prophet (may Allah raise his rank and grant him peace), said: "Fast according to its sighting, and break your fast according to its sighting. If it is obscured from your view, complete the term of *Sha'baan* as 30 [days]." [Agreed upon]

3.6 BENEFITS OF THE HADEETH

Aboo Hurayrah	
The connection to the Verse	
How the month begins and ends	
Fasting begins in three ways	1
	2
	3
Predictions and calculations	

3.7	RESEARCH:	Can a month	ever be 28	days? If so,	, how?
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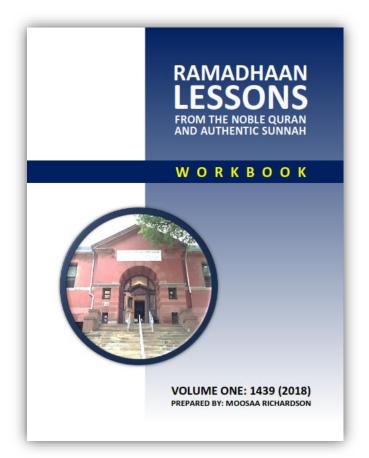
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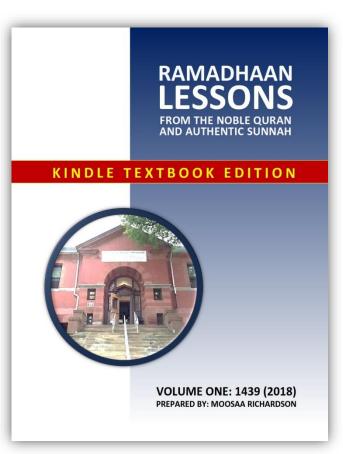
OVERVIEW OF ALL THIRTY LESSONS

LESSON 1: Tagwa (Consciousness of Allah) LESSON 2: The Ease of Islam's Legislated Concessions LESSON 3: How the Month of Ramadhaan Begins LESSON 4: The Closeness of Allah LESSON 5: The Nights of Ramadhaan LESSON 6: A Warning Against Religious Deviation LESSON 7: Real Interfaith Dialogue in Islam LESSON 8: From the Fruits of Obedience LESSON 9: The Ways of our Ancestors as a Proof? LESSON 10: Curing the Disease of Envy at the Root LESSON 11: The Status of the Prophet Muhammad (鑑) LESSON 12: From the Many Fruits of Tagwa LESSON 13: The Islamic Calendar & the Sacred Months LESSON 14: Allah Sees and Knows All that We Do LESSON 15: The Correct Methodology in Da'wah LESSON 16: The Sunnah Explains the Quran LESSON 17: The Scales of Justice on the Day of Judgment **LESSON 18: The Prohibition of Passing on Rumors** LESSON 19: From the Traits of the Hypocrites LESSON 20: The Final Seal of Prophethood LESSON 21: The Duty of Discharging Zakaat al-Fitr LESSON 22: Laylat al-Qadr: The Night of Decree LESSON 23: Unwarranted Suspicion & Backbiting LESSON 24: Avoiding Major Sins & Sexual Misconduct LESSON 25: The Long Overdue Revival of Our Hearts LESSON 26: Religious Loyalty and Allegiance LESSON 27: Consistent Night Prayers & Quran Recitation LESSON 28: Purification of the Soul LESSON 29: A Brief Study of Soorah al-Kowthar

LESSON 30: A Brief Study of Soorah al-Ikhlaas

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